

Corn Seed Rate

Trial ID: 2020-CRNP08 — R.M. of De Salaberry

Objective: The purpose of this project is to quantify the agronomic and economic impacts of reducing and increasing normal seeding rate by 3,000 seeds/ac in corn.

TRIAL INFORMATION		
Location	St. Pierre	
Previous Crop	Soybeans	
Soil Texture	Clay	
Tillage	Conventional	
Planting Date	May 17, 2020	
Fertilizer (N-P-K-S)	Swine Manure - Fall 2019	
Variety	P7453R	
Row Spacing 22"		
Seed Rate (seeds/ac)	30k vs 27k vs 34k	
Harvest Date	October 13, 2020	

SOIL PROPERTIES†			
N 0-24"	P (ppm)	K (ppm)	% O.M.
298	82	519	6.0

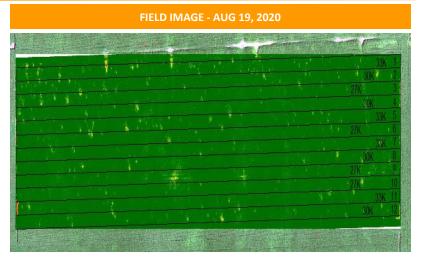
[†]Nutrient values prior to spring seeding

PLANT STAND @ V2			
Seed Rate (seeds/ac)	27,000	30,000	34,000
Plant stand/ac	23,500 ^B	24,740 ^B	28,250 ^A

PRECIPITATION†					
	May	June	July	Aug	Total
Rainfall	15	105	102	68	290
Normal	56	90	61	61	269

[†]Growing season precipitation (mm)

OVERALL YIELD		
	Mean (bu/ac)	
27,000 seeds/ac	141.6 ^A	
30,000 seeds/ac	143.7 ^A	
34,000 seeds/ac	153.2 ^B	
P-Value	0.00897	
cv	4.10%	
Significance	Yes	





Summary: There was a significant difference in yield between the 34,000 seeds/acre seeding rate versus the 30,000 and 27,000 seeds/acre seeding rates. There was a significant difference in plant stands taken at V2. Overall, rainfall was slightly above average for the growing season, with a hail storm occurring at V2 (see NDVI image above).



